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عنوان المحاضرة:

Fact and Opinion Paragraphs

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Connectors of Cause and Effect

اسم التدريسي: م.م. نوره مازن شاكر

الايميل الجامعي: <u>nmazin@tu.edu.iq</u>

Fact and Opinion Paragraphs

A fact paragraph is a concise and informative passage that presents objective information or verifiable statements about a particular topic. It is characterized by the following features:

- 1. Accuracy: A fact paragraph should present information that is true and supported by evidence or reliable sources. It avoids personal opinions or subjective interpretations.
- 2. Objectivity: The language used in a fact paragraph is neutral and avoids bias or emotional language. It focuses on presenting information without attempting to persuade or influence the reader's opinion.
- 3. Clarity: The information in a fact paragraph is presented in a clear and straightforward manner. It avoids jargon or technical terms that may be difficult for the average reader to understand.
- 4. Conciseness: A fact paragraph is succinct and doesn't contain unnecessary or redundant information. It presents the essential facts without excessive elaboration.
- 5. Verifiability: The statements in a fact paragraph can be verified through reliable sources or evidence. It should be possible for readers to independently confirm the accuracy of the information presented.

6. Relevance: A fact paragraph focuses on providing information that is directly related to the topic at hand. It avoids tangents or irrelevant details that may distract from the main point.

Overall, a fact paragraph aims to inform and educate the reader by presenting accurate and objective information in a clear and concise manner.

An opinion paragraph is a written composition that expresses a person's viewpoint or stance on a particular topic or issue. It is a way for individuals to share their thoughts, beliefs, and judgments, backed by personal experiences, evidence, or reasoning. The main purpose of an opinion paragraph is to persuade or influence the readers by presenting a strong argument or point of view.

Characteristics of an opinion paragraph include:

- 1. Subjectivity: An opinion paragraph reflects the writer's personal opinion or perspective on a topic. It may be influenced by their values, beliefs, attitudes, or experiences.
- 2. Clear Assertion: The paragraph starts with a clear and concise statement that presents the writer's opinion on the topic. This statement, often referred to as the thesis statement, sets the tone and direction for the rest of the paragraph.
- 3. Supporting Evidence: To make the opinion persuasive, the writer provides supporting evidence, examples, or facts to back up their viewpoint. This can include personal anecdotes, research findings, statistics, or expert opinions.

- 4. Logical Reasoning: An opinion paragraph should present a logical flow of ideas and arguments. The writer uses reasoning and logical connections to explain why they hold a particular opinion and why the readers should consider it valid.
- 5. Counterarguments: A strong opinion paragraph acknowledges and addresses counterarguments or opposing viewpoints. By doing so, the writer demonstrates critical thinking and strengthens their position by refuting potential objections.
- 6. Tone and Language: The tone of an opinion paragraph can vary depending on the writer's intention and the target audience. It can range from persuasive and assertive to respectful and diplomatic. The language used should be clear, concise, and appropriate for the audience.
- 7. Personal Voice: An opinion paragraph allows the writer to express their individual voice and style. It can include personal experiences, emotions, or subjective interpretations to engage the readers and make the opinion more relatable.
- 8. Conclusion: The paragraph should end with a concise summary or concluding statement that reinforces the main opinion and leaves a lasting impression on the readers.

Remember that an opinion paragraph is distinct from an informative or objective paragraph, as it focuses on personal viewpoints rather than presenting neutral or factual information.

Connectors of Cause and Effect

When expressing opinions using connectors of cause and effect, you can use them to link the reasons (cause) to the opinions or conclusions (effect) you want to convey. Here are some useful connectors you can use:

- 1. Because: This connector is commonly used to express a cause and explain the reason behind an opinion. For example: "I believe that climate change is a pressing issue because it has severe environmental consequences."
- 2. Since: Similar to "because," "since" is another connector that indicates a cause-effect relationship. For instance: "Since technology has greatly improved communication, I think it has made our lives more convenient."
- 3. As a result: This connector is used to indicate the effect or consequence of a particular cause. For example: "The government implemented stricter gun control laws, and as a result, crime rates decreased significantly."
- 4. Therefore: "Therefore" is used to show a logical consequence or conclusion based on the preceding cause. For instance: "The study found a strong correlation between smoking and lung cancer. Therefore, I strongly believe that smoking should be banned in public places."
- 5. Consequently: This connector is similar to "therefore" and is used to indicate a logical result or outcome. For example: "The team worked hard and collaborated effectively. Consequently, they achieved remarkable success in the project."

- 6. Due to: This connector is used to express the cause or reason behind an opinion. For instance: "Due to the lack of funding, I believe that the education system is failing to provide quality education."
- 7. Hence: "Hence" is used to express a cause-effect relationship and draw a conclusion. For example: "The company experienced a decline in sales, hence they decided to reevaluate their marketing strategy."

Remember to use these connectors appropriately to ensure your opinions are effectively conveyed.